

T-Run

[2, 3, 2, 3], [4, 4, 1, 1]

$$\tilde{\pi} = [1, 1, 1, 1]$$

$$\delta = [2, 2, 2, 2]$$

POSSIBLE RANKS

$$1 \times 4$$

$$2 \times 2$$

BASE DETERMINANT 117/512, .2285156250

NullSpace of Δ

{1, 2, 3, 4}

Nullspace of A

[[2, 3],{1, 4}]

STRATIFIED CYCLE COVERS

Degree 0

1

Degree 1

0

Degree 2

$$v[2] v[3] + v[1] v[4]$$

Degree 3

$$v[2] v[4] v[3] + v[1] v[4] v[3] + v[1] v[2] v[4] + v[1] v[2] v[3]$$

Degree 4

$$2 v[1] v[2] v[4] v[3]$$

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R: [2, 3, 2, 3]

B: [4, 4, 1, 1]

TRACE TWO = 1

det AT = 0

$$AT = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 & \frac{5}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{5}{6} \\ \frac{5}{6} & \frac{1}{6} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{5}{6} & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

AT ranking is 1, "vs", 3

$$\text{Level 2 det} = \frac{1}{512} (1 + s) (3 + s) (13 - 6s + s^2) (-1 + s) (-3 + s)$$

RANK of R is 2

R ranking is 1, "vs", 2

RBAR ranking 1, "vs", 2

RANK of B is 2

B ranking is 1, "vs", 2

BBAR ranking 1, "vs", 2

"R CYCLES", $1 + v[2] v[3]$

"B CYCLES", $1 + v[1] v[4]$

Eigenvalues

R: [0., 0., 1., -1.]

B: [0., 0., 1., -1.]

NullSpace of R

{[0, 0, 0, 1], [1, 0, 0, 0]}

NullSpace of B

{[0, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0]}

NullSpace of R^*

{[1, 0, -1, 0], [0, -1, 0, 1]}

NullSpace of B^*

{[1, -1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1, -1]}

FIXED POINTS DIMENSION 1

$$\text{PROTO-M} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{N} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

"RANK of N is ", 3, "RANK of M is ", 4

"RANK of the KERNEL is ", 2

"IdemSolvability Check", 1 "Trace mark", 0, "Rank mark", 2, "for kernel rank", 2

degree 1: $\frac{1}{4} (v[1] + v[2] + v[3] + v[4])$

degree 2: $\frac{1}{2} (v[2]v[3] + v[1]v[4])$

Group spectrum $1 + t + t^2$

KERNEL STRUCTURE

"PT1" = {{1, 3}, {2, 4}}

"PT2" = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}

"RG1" = {2, 3}

"RG2" = {1, 4}

$$\pi_2 = [0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0]$$

supp $\pi_2 = \{3, 4\}$

$$u_2 = [1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1]$$

supp $u_2 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

Action of R on ranges, [[1], [1]]

Action of B on ranges, [[2], [2]]

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

RPARTS [1, 1]

BPARTS [2, 2]

$$\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions:

R-BLOCKS,

[2, 3, 2, 3]

B-BLOCKS,

[4, 4, 1, 1]

with invariant measure, [1, 1, 1, 1]

N by blocks, N - check: true

$b_1 = \{1, 2\}$

$b_2 = \{1, 3\}$

$b_3 = \{2, 4\}$

$b_4 = \{3, 4\}$

dim(span of partition vectors), rank(N_0), rank(N): 3, 3, 3

$$\text{Centralizer} = \begin{pmatrix} h[1] & 0 & 0 & h[2] \\ 0 & h[1] & h[2] & 0 \\ 0 & h[2] & h[1] & 0 \\ h[2] & 0 & 0 & h[1] \end{pmatrix}$$

LIE STRUCTURE

Dimension of Lie algebra: 5, Shape: 3 \oplus 2/1

$$\text{CLB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

R and B Cycles. V.

$$\Omega_R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \Omega_B = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Ω_R in Vec(K)?, {{2, 3}}, true

Ω_B in Vec(K)?, {{1, 4}}, true

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-3}{20} & \frac{9}{20} & \frac{1}{20} & \frac{-7}{20} \\ \frac{-1}{20} & \frac{3}{20} & \frac{7}{20} & \frac{-9}{20} \\ \frac{-9}{20} & \frac{7}{20} & \frac{3}{20} & \frac{-1}{20} \\ \frac{-7}{20} & \frac{1}{20} & \frac{9}{20} & \frac{-3}{20} \end{pmatrix}$$

Omega-checks true, true

$$\pi_R = \left(0 \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ 0\right) \text{ vs } \left(0 \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ 0\right) \quad u\Omega_R \text{ vs } \Omega(I-V)^{-1}$$

$$\pi_B = \left(\frac{1}{2} \ 0 \ 0 \ \frac{1}{2}\right) \text{ vs } \left(\frac{1}{2} \ 0 \ 0 \ \frac{1}{2}\right) \quad u\Omega_B \text{ vs } \Omega(I+V)^{-1}$$

LOCAL GROUPS

1, "partition", {{1, 3}, {2, 4}}

1, "range", [2, 3], [[3, 2, 3, 2], [2, 3, 2, 3]]

2, "range", [1, 4], [[4, 1, 4, 1], [1, 4, 1, 4]]

2, "partition", {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}

1, "range", [2, 3], [[3, 3, 2, 2], [2, 2, 3, 3]]

2, "range", [1, 4], [[4, 4, 1, 1], [1, 1, 4, 4]]

"group has", 2, "elements" Group element 1,1 = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$g_1 = \quad []$

$g_2 = \quad [[1, 2]]$

linear dimension, 2

"Symmetric?", true

Is Z in Vec(K)? true
(h[1] h[2])

"Basis for Z(G)"

1, "coeff", 1

$$Z[1] = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2, "coeff", 1

$$Z[2] = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Check abelian

1, 2, true

$$\text{EIGS} = \begin{pmatrix} 1. & 1. \\ 1. & -1. \end{pmatrix}$$

PermChars :=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Group spectrum: $1 + t + t^2$

Molien Series to order 10: $1 + t + 2t^2 + 2t^3 + 3t^4 + 3t^5 + 4t^6 + 4t^7 + 5t^8 + 5t^9 + 6t^{10}$

n-choose-rank

{1, [1, 2]}, {2, [1, 3]}, {3, [1, 4]}, {4, [2, 3]}, {5, [2, 4]}, {6, [3, 4]}

KERNEL HIERARCHY

$$\pi_2 = (0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0)$$

{3, 4}

$$u_2 = (1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 2 \ 1 \ 1)$$

{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

$$\text{picheck } (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$$

$$\pi = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\pi_1 = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$$

$$u_1 = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$$

$$\text{picheck } (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$$

Column Projections

$$P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{idem-checks} \quad \text{N0-checks}$$

$$P_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{idem-checks} \quad \text{N0-checks}$$

Row Projections

$$PP_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{idem-checks}$$

$$PP_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{idem-checks}$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad NM = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

CHECKING NULLSPACES

$$\pi\Delta = [-1, 1, 1, -1]$$

$$\ker N_C = (-1 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1) \ (0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0) \quad \text{RB checks}$$

$$\ker M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -t & s \\ -t & -s \\ t & s \\ t & -s \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{RB checks}$$

$$\ker M_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t & s+t & -t \\ s+t & t & -t \\ 0 & s & t \\ s & 0 & t \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{RB checks}$$

$$n\pi x^\dagger = (2 \ 2 \ 0)$$

$$RN_0R^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad RR^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$BN_0B^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, BB^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Do these reconstitute N? , true

Ranks: 2, 2, "vs", 2

$$CNM = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Skew } T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Skew } \Omega = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad N_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

"IS NM a combination of T and Omega?", true

$$NM = 4T + 0\Omega$$

$$\Omega \left(\frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$T \left(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad 0 \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

"IS NM in Vec(K)?", true

$$NM (2 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 2)$$

"IS MN in Vec(K)?", true

$$MN (2 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 2)$$

$$\tau = 8/1, \text{ rank} = 2, \text{ ratio} = 4/1, n^2 / r = 8/1$$

$$\tau' = 8/1, r' = 1/2, \tau / n^2 = 1/2$$

$$p^2 = 1/4, \text{ min } \tau = 4/1, \tau\text{-check is positive? } 4/1$$

$$\text{max } r = 4/1, r\text{-check is positive? } 1/2$$

IS N0M0 a combination of T and Omega? , true

$$N_0M_0 = 0T + 8\Omega$$

There are, 2, partitions and, 2, ranges, with a group size of, 2

KERNEL HAS LINEAR DIMENSION 6
 out of total no. of elements equal to 8

dim span idems 4 vs no. of idems 4

"PT1" = {{1, 3}, {2, 4}}

"PT2" = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}}

"RG1" = {2, 3}

"RG2" = {1, 4}

$$M_C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad N_C = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{C\text{-scaled}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad N_{C\text{-scaled}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 1 & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N_C M_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad M_C N_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{commutator} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues M_C

[0., 0., 0., 4.]

Eigenvalues N_C

[0., 1., 1., 1.]

Eigenvalues $M_{C\text{-scaled}}$

[0., 0., 0., 4.]

Eigenvalues $N_{C\text{-scaled}}$

[0., 1.333333333, 1.333333333, 1.333333333]

NullSpace M_C

{[1, 0, 1, 0], [-1, 0, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0]}

NullSpace N_C

{[1, -1, -1, 1]}

Eigenvalues M_0

[4., 4., 0., 0.]

Eigenvalues N_0

[0., 2., 1., 1.]

NullSpace M_0

{[1, 0, 0, -1], [0, 1, -1, 0]}

NullSpace N_0

{[-1, 1, 1, -1]}

Eigenvalues M

[2., -2., 2., -2.]

Eigenvalues N

[0., 2., -1., -1.]

NullSpace M

{}

NullSpace N

{[-1, 1, 1, -1]}

Harmonic Basis

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

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{2, 3}

R: [2, 4, 1, 3]

B: [4, 3, 2, 1]

TRACE TWO = 2

$$\det AT = \frac{-1}{2} (1 + t^2) (t)$$

$$AT = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 & \frac{5}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{6} & \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{5}{6} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{5}{6} & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

AT ranking is 1, "vs", 4

$$\text{Level 2 det} = \frac{1}{512} (13 + 6s + s^2) (9 - 2s + s^2) (-1 + s)^2$$

RANK of R is 4

R ranking is 1, "vs", 4

RBAR ranking 1, "vs", 4

RANK of B is 4

B ranking is 1, "vs", 4

BBAR ranking 1, "vs", 4

"R CYCLES", $1 + v[1] v[2] v[4] v[3]$

"B CYCLES", $(1 + v[2] v[3]) (1 + v[1] v[4])$

Eigenvalues

R: [-1., 1., 1. I, -1. I]

B: [1., -1., 1., -1.]

NullSpace of R

{}

NullSpace of B

{}

NullSpace of R^*

{}

NullSpace of B^*

{}

FIXED POINTS DIMENSION 2

$$\text{PROTO-M} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad N = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

"RANK of N is ", 4, "RANK of M is ", 4

"RANK of the KERNEL is ", 4

"IdemSolvability Check", 3 "Trace mark", 4, "Rank mark", 4, "for kernel rank", 4

$$\text{degree 1: } \frac{1}{4} (v[1] + v[2] + v[3] + v[4])$$

$$\text{degree 2: } \frac{1}{4} (v[1]v[2] + v[1]v[3] + 2v[1]v[4] + 2v[2]v[3] + v[2]v[4] + v[4]v[3])$$

$$\text{degree 3: } \frac{1}{4} (v[2]v[4]v[3] + v[1]v[4]v[3] + v[1]v[2]v[4] + v[1]v[2]v[3])$$

$$\text{degree 4: } 1 (v[4]) (v[3]) (v[1]) (v[2])$$

$$\text{Group spectrum } 1 + t + 2t^2 + t^3 + t^4$$

KERNEL STRUCTURE

"PT1" = {{4}, {1}, {3}, {2}}

"RG1" = {1, 2, 3, 4}

$$\pi_4 = [1]$$

$$\text{supp } \pi_4 = \{1\}$$

$$u_4 = [1]$$

$$\text{supp } u_4 = \{1\}$$

Action of R on ranges, [[1]]

Action of B on ranges, [[1]]

$$\beta = (1)$$

RPARTS [1]

BPARTS [1]

$$\alpha = (1)$$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions:

R-BLOCKS,

[4, 3, 1, 2]

B-BLOCKS,

[2, 1, 4, 3]

with invariant measure, [1, 1, 1, 1]

N by blocks, N - check: true

$$b_1 = \{4\}$$

$$b_2 = \{1\}$$

$$b_3 = \{3\}$$

$$b_4 = \{2\}$$

dim(span of partition vectors), rank(N_0), rank(N): 4, 4, 4

$$\text{Centralizer} = \begin{pmatrix} h[2] & h[3] & h[1] & h[4] \\ h[1] & h[2] & h[4] & h[3] \\ h[3] & h[4] & h[2] & h[1] \\ h[4] & h[1] & h[3] & h[2] \end{pmatrix}$$

LIE STRUCTURE

Dimension of Lie algebra: 2, Shape: 0 ⊕ 2/0

$$\text{CLB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

R and B Cycles. V.

$$\Omega_R = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \quad \Omega_B = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Ω_R in Vec(K)? , {{1, 2, 3, 4}}, true

Ω_B in Vec(K)? , {{1, 4}, {2, 3}}, true

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3}{20} & \frac{9}{20} & \frac{1}{20} & -\frac{7}{20} \\ \frac{1}{20} & -\frac{3}{20} & -\frac{7}{20} & \frac{9}{20} \\ \frac{9}{20} & -\frac{7}{20} & -\frac{3}{20} & \frac{1}{20} \\ -\frac{7}{20} & \frac{1}{20} & \frac{9}{20} & -\frac{3}{20} \end{pmatrix}$$

Omega-checks true, true

"I+V is singular"

$$\pi_R = \left(\frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4}\right) \text{ vs } \left(\frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4}\right) \quad u\Omega_R \text{ vs } \Omega(I-V)^{-1}$$

$$\pi_B = \left(\frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4}\right) \text{ vs } (0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0) \quad u\Omega_B \text{ vs } \Omega(I+V)^{-1}$$

LOCAL GROUPS

1, "partition", {{4}, {1}, {3}, {2}}

1, "range", [1, 2, 3, 4], [[4, 3, 2, 1], [3, 1, 4, 2], [2, 4, 1, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4]]

"group has", 4, "elements" Group element 1,1 =
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$g_1 = [[1, 4], [2, 3]]$

$g_2 = [[1, 3, 4, 2]]$

$g_3 = [[1, 2, 4, 3]]$

$g_4 = []$

linear dimension, 4

"Symmetric?", false

Is Z in Vec(K)? true
(h[4] h[3] h[2] h[1])

"Basis for Z(G)"

1, "coeff", 1

$Z[1] = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

2, "coeff", 1

$Z[2] = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

3, "coeff", 1

$Z[3] = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

4, "coeff", 1

$Z[4] = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Check abelian

1, 2, true
 1, 3, true
 1, 4, true
 2, 3, true
 2, 4, true
 3, 4, true

$$\text{EIGS} = \begin{pmatrix} 1. & 1. & 1. & 1. \\ -1. & 1. & 1./ & -1./ \\ -1. & 1. & 1./ & -1./ \\ 1. & -1. & 1. & -1. \end{pmatrix}$$

PermChars :=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Group spectrum: $1 + t + 2t^2 + t^3 + t^4$

Molien Series to order 10: $1 + t + 3t^2 + 5t^3 + 10t^4 + 14t^5 + 22t^6 + 30t^7 + 43t^8 + 55t^9 + 73t^{10}$

n-choose-rank

{1, [1, 2, 3, 4]}

KERNEL HIERARCHY

$\pi_4 = (1)$

{1}

$u_4 = (1)$

{1}

picheck (1 1 1 1)

$$\pi = \left(\frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$\pi_3 = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$

$$u_3 = \left(\frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

picheck (3 3 3 3)

$$\pi_2 = (2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 2)$$

$$u_2 = \left(\frac{1}{8} \ \frac{1}{8} \ \frac{1}{8} \ \frac{1}{8} \ \frac{1}{8} \ \frac{1}{8}\right)$$

picheck (6 6 6 6)

$$\pi_1 = (6 \ 6 \ 6 \ 6)$$

$$u_1 = \left(\frac{3}{32} \ \frac{3}{32} \ \frac{3}{32} \ \frac{3}{32}\right)$$

picheck (6 6 6 6)

Column Projections

$$P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{idem-checks \quad NO-checks}$$

Row Projections

$$PP_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{idem-checks}$$

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad NM = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

CHECKING NULLSPACES

Group case, not scaling MC

$$\pi\Delta = [0, 0, 0, 0]$$

$$\ker N_C = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1) \ (s+t \ s+t \ s+t \ s+t) \quad \text{RB checks}$$

$$\ker M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -t & s-t & -t \\ -s & -s & t-s \\ s & t & 0 \\ t & 0 & s \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{RB checks}$$

$$\ker M_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s & t & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & t & 0 \\ t & 0 & 0 & s \\ 0 & 0 & s & t \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{RB checks}$$

$$n\pi x^\dagger = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)$$

$$RN_0R^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, RR^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$BN_0B^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, BB^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Do these reconstitute N? , true

Ranks: 4, 4, "vs", 4

$$CNM = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Skew T} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Skew Omega} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad N_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

"IS NM a combination of T and Omega?", true

$$NM = 1T + 8\Omega$$

$$\Omega \left(\frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \ \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$T (0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1)$$

"IS NM in Vec(K)?", true

$$NM (2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 3)$$

"IS MN in Vec(K)?", true

$$MN (2 \ 2 \ 2 \ 3)$$

$$\tau = 4/1, \text{ rank} = 4, \text{ ratio} = 1/1, n^2 / r = 4/1$$

$$\tau' = 12/1, r' = 3/4, \tau / n^2 = 1/4$$

$$p^2 = 1/4, \text{ min } \tau = 4/1, \tau\text{-check is positive? } 0/1$$

$$\text{max } r = 4/1, r\text{-check is positive? } 0/1$$

IS N0M0 a combination of T and Omega? , true

$$N_0 M_0 = 0T + 4\Omega$$

There are, 1, partitions and, 1, ranges, with a group size of, 4

KERNEL HAS LINEAR DIMENSION 4
out of total no. of elements equal to 4

dim span idems 1 vs no. of idems 1

"PT1" = {{4}, {1}, {3}, {2}}

"RG1" = {1, 2, 3, 4}

$$M_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad N_C = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} \\ \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} \\ \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} \\ \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{-1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{C\text{-scaled}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad N_{C\text{-scaled}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} \\ \frac{-1}{3} & 1 & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} \\ \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} & 1 & \frac{-1}{3} \\ \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$N_C M_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad M_C N_C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{commutator} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues M_C

[0., 0., 0., 0.]

Eigenvalues N_C

[0., 1., 1., 1.]

Eigenvalues $M_{C\text{-scaled}}$

[0., 0., 0., 0.]

Eigenvalues $N_{C\text{-scaled}}$

[0., 1.333333333, 1.333333333, 1.333333333]

NullSpace M_C

{[0, 0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 0, 1], [1, 0, 0, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0]}

NullSpace N_C

{[1, 1, 1, 1]}

Eigenvalues M_0

[0., 0., 0., 4.]

Eigenvalues N_0

[1., 1., 1., 1.]

NullSpace M_0

{[-1, 1, 0, 0], [-1, 0, 1, 0], [-1, 0, 0, 1]}

NullSpace N_0

{}

Eigenvalues M

[3., -1., -1., -1.]

Eigenvalues N

[3., -1., -1., -1.]

NullSpace M

{}

NullSpace N

{}

Harmonic Basis

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Commutator(s)

$$1, 2 : \text{commutator} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$