

# New Graph

[2, 3, 2, 3], [4, 4, 1, 1]

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$$\pi = [1, 1, 1, 1]$$

POSSIBLE RANKS

1 x 4  
2 x 2

BASE DETERMINANT 117/512, .2285156250

*NullSpace* of  $\Delta$

{1, 2, 3, 4}

Nullspace of A

[[1, 4], [2, 3]]

1 . Coloring, {}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p' = s^2 \quad p = s^2$$

**R:** [2, 3, 2, 3]

**B:** [4, 4, 1, 1]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
1 vs 3	1 vs 3	1 vs 3	1 vs 2	1 vs 2

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 3}} order: 2

See Matrix

\$ [ [0, 2, 2, 0] , [0, 2, 2, 0] ] \$

$$[0, y_1, y_1, 0]$$

$$p = -s + s^2$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 4\}\}$  order: 2

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [2, 0, 0, 2], [2, 0, 0, 2] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, 0, 0, y_1]$$

$$p = -s + s^2$$

M N

$$\$ [ [0, 0, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0], [1, 0, 0, 0] ] \$ \quad \$ [ [0, 1, 1, 2], [1, 0, 2, 1], [1, 2, 0, 1], [2, 1, 1, 0] ] \$$$

$$\tau = 8, r' = 1/2$$

**R:** [2, 3, 2, 3]

**B:** [4, 4, 1, 1]

Ranges

Action of R on ranges, [[2], [2]]

Action of B on ranges, [[1], [1]]

Cycles: R,  $\{\{2, 3\}\}$ , B,  $\{\{1, 4\}\}$

$$\beta(\{1, 4\}) = 1/2$$

$$\beta(\{2, 3\}) = 1/2$$

Partitions

Action of R on partitions, [[1], [1]]

Action of B on partitions, [[2], [2]]

$$\alpha(\{\{1, 3\}, \{2, 4\}\}) = 1/2$$

$$\alpha(\{\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4\}\}) = 1/2$$

$$b_1 = \{1, 2\}, b_2 = \{1, 3\}, b_3 = \{3, 4\}, b_4 = \{2, 4\}$$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [2, 4, 4, 2] [3, 3, 1, 1]

with invariant measure [1, 1, 1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . ‘ See partition graph.

‘ ‘ See level-2 partition graph.

‘

Sandwich	
<b>Coloring</b>	{}
<b>Rank</b>	2
<b>R,B</b>	[2, 3, 2, 3], [4, 4, 1, 1]
$\pi_2$	[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0]
$u_2$	[1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1] (dim 1)
<b>wpp</b>	[2, 2, 2, 2]

2 . Coloring, {2}

**R:** [2, 4, 2, 3]

**B:** [4, 3, 1, 1]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 3	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	3 vs 3	2 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 3, 4}} order: 3

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [0, 2, 1, 1], [0, 1, 1, 2], [0, 1, 2, 1] ] \$$$

$$[0, y_2, y_3, y_1]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 4}} order: 2

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [2, 0, 1, 1], [2, 0, 0, 2], [2, 0, 0, 2] ] \$$$

$$[y_2, 0, y_2 - y_1, y_1]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3$$

3 . Coloring, {3}

**R:** [2, 3, 1, 3]

**B:** [4, 4, 2, 1]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 3	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	3 vs 3	2 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 2, 3}} order: 3

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 1, 2, 0], [2, 1, 1, 0], [1, 2, 1, 0] ] \$$$

$$[y_2, y_3, y_1, 0]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 4}} order: 2

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 1, 0, 2], [2, 0, 0, 2], [2, 0, 0, 2] ] \$$$

$$[-y_1 + y_2, y_1, 0, y_2]$$

$$p = s^2 - s^3$$

4 . Coloring, {4}

**R:** [2, 3, 2, 1]

**B:** [4, 4, 1, 3]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 3	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	2 vs 3	3 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{2, 3\}\}$  order: 2

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 2, 1, 0], [0, 2, 2, 0], [0, 2, 2, 0] ] \$$$

$$[y_1 - y_2, y_1, y_2, 0]$$

$$p = s^2 - s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 3, 4\}\}$  order: 3

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 0, 1, 2], [1, 0, 2, 1], [2, 0, 1, 1] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, 0, y_3, y_2]$$

5 . Coloring,  $\{2, 3\}$

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p' = s^2 \quad p' = s \quad p = s$$

**R:** [2, 4, 1, 3]

**B:** [4, 3, 2, 1]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
0 vs 3	1 vs 4	1 vs 4	1 vs 4	1 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{1, 2, 3, 4\}\}$  order: 4  
 See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1]$$

$$p' = -1 + s \quad p' = -1 + s^3 \quad p' = -1 + s^2$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 3\}\}$  order: 2  
 See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1, 1] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1]$$

$$p' = -1 + s \quad p' = -1 + s^2 \quad p' = -1 + s^3$$

‘ See 4-level graph

‘

M N

$$\$ [ [0, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1, 0] ] \$ \quad \$ [ [0, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1, 0] ] \$$$

$$\tau = 4, r' = 3/4$$

$$\mathbf{R}: [2, 4, 1, 3]$$

$$\mathbf{B}: [4, 3, 2, 1]$$

Ranges

Action of R on ranges,  $[[1]]$

Action of B on ranges,  $[[1]]$

Cycles: R ,  $\{\{1, 2, 3, 4\}\}$ , B ,  $\{\{1, 4\}, \{2, 3\}\}$

$$\beta(\{1, 2, 3, 4\}) = 1/1$$

Partitions

$$\alpha(\{\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}\}) = 1/1$$

$$b_1 = \{1\} \text{ ‘ , ‘ } b_2 = \{2\} \text{ ‘ , ‘ } b_3 = \{3\} \text{ ‘ , ‘ } b_4 = \{4\}$$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [3, 1, 4, 2] [4, 3, 2, 1]  
 with invariant measure [1, 1, 1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . ‘ See partition graph.

‘ ‘ See level-4 partition graph.

‘

<b>Right Group</b>	
<b>Coloring</b>	{2, 3}
<b>Rank</b>	4
<b>R,B</b>	[2, 4, 1, 3], [4, 3, 2, 1]
$\pi_2$	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
$u_2$	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1] (dim 2)
<b>wpp</b>	[1, 1, 1, 1]
$\pi_4$	[1]
$u_4$	[1]

6 . Coloring, {2, 4}

**R:** [2, 4, 2, 1]

**B:** [4, 3, 1, 3]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 3	3 vs 3	3 vs 3	3 vs 3	3 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 2, 4}} order: 3  
 See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 2, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 2], [2, 1, 0, 1] ] \$$$

$$[y_2, y_3, 0, y_1]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 3, 4\}\}$  order: 3  
See Matrix

$$\$ [ [1, 0, 2, 1], [2, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 2] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, 0, y_2, y_3]$$

7 . Coloring,  $\{3, 4\}$

**R:**  $[2, 3, 1, 1]$

**B:**  $[4, 4, 2, 3]$

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 3	3 vs 3	3 vs 3	3 vs 3	3 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{1, 2, 3\}\}$  order: 3  
See Matrix

$$\$ [ [2, 1, 1, 0], [1, 2, 1, 0], [1, 1, 2, 0] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, y_3, y_2, 0]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{2, 3, 4\}\}$  order: 3  
See Matrix

$$\$ [ [0, 1, 1, 2], [0, 1, 2, 1], [0, 2, 1, 1] ] \$$$

$$[0, y_3, y_2, y_1]$$

8 . Coloring,  $\{2, 3, 4\}$



**R:** [2, 4, 1, 1]

**B:** [4, 3, 2, 3]

‘ See graph

‘ ‘ See pair graph

‘

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 3	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	3 vs 3	2 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 2, 4}} order: 3

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [2, 1, 0, 1], [1, 2, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 2] ] \$$$

$$[y_1, y_3, 0, y_2]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 3}} order: 2

See Matrix

$$\$ [ [0, 1, 2, 1], [0, 2, 2, 0], [0, 2, 2, 0] ] \$$$

$$[0, y_1, y_2, -y_1 + y_2]$$

$$p = s^2 - s^3$$

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<b>SUMMARY</b>	
<b>Graph Type</b>	<b>CC</b>
$v(\mathbf{A})$	1
$v(\Delta)$	1
$\pi$	[1, 1, 1, 1]
<b>Dbly Stoch</b>	true

<b>SANDWICH</b>		Total 1
<b>No .</b>	<b>Coloring</b>	<b>Rank</b>
<b>1</b>	{}	2

<b>RT GROUPS</b>		Total 1	
<b>No .</b>	<b>Coloring</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Solv</b>
<b>1</b>	{2, 3}	4	["group", Not Solvable]

<b>CC Colorings</b>		Total 1
<b>No .</b>	<b>Coloring</b>	<b>Sandwich,Rank</b>
<b>1</b>	{}	true, 2

<b><math>\Delta</math>-RANK'D</b>	<b>SC'D !RK'D</b>	<b><math>\tau</math>-RANK'D</b>	<b>R/B RANK'D</b>	<b>NOT SYNC'D</b>	<b>Total Runs</b>	<b><math>2^{n-1}</math></b>
6	0	6, 6	5, 3	2	8	8

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